NEW RULES

HOLDING MITIGATION PROPERTY AND ENDOWMENTS ©

An Overview of Mitigation Requirements

Mitigation in a Nutshell

If a project is going to destroy, impair or displace a natural resource, a number of different statutes <u>allow or require</u> actions to mitigate for the loss or impairment.

Example:

- Housing proposed for 20 acres of endangered species habitat, e.g., red-legged frog
- Housing project can proceed, but must protect a minimum of 20 acres of habitat similar in quality to the acreage to be lost



Mitigation in a Nutshell

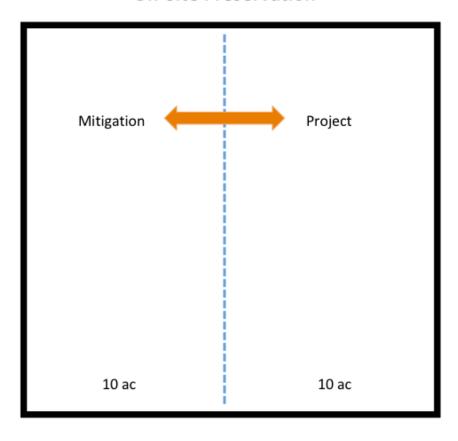
Strategies:

- On-site preservation
- Off-site preservation
- Mitigation bank
- Habitat conservation plans/natural community conservation plans
- Regional advance mitigation plans



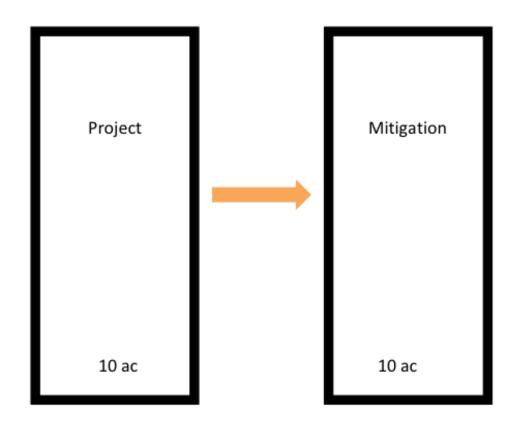
On-Site Preservation

On-Site Preservation



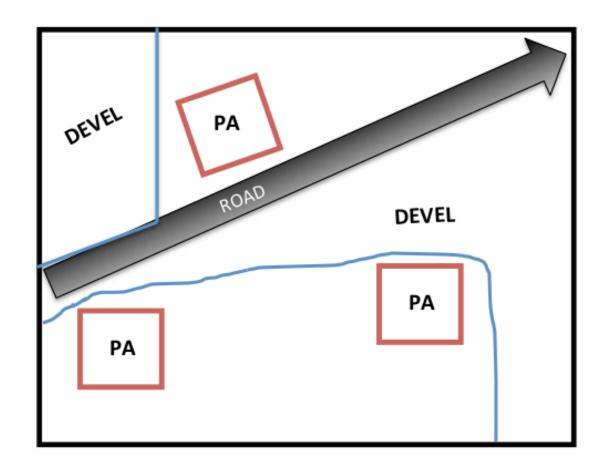


Off-Site Preservation



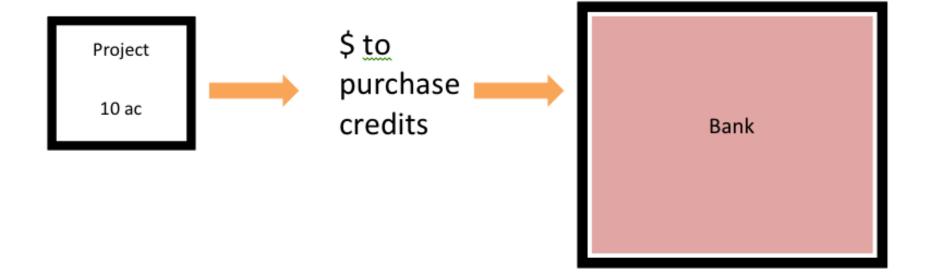


Off-Site Preservation



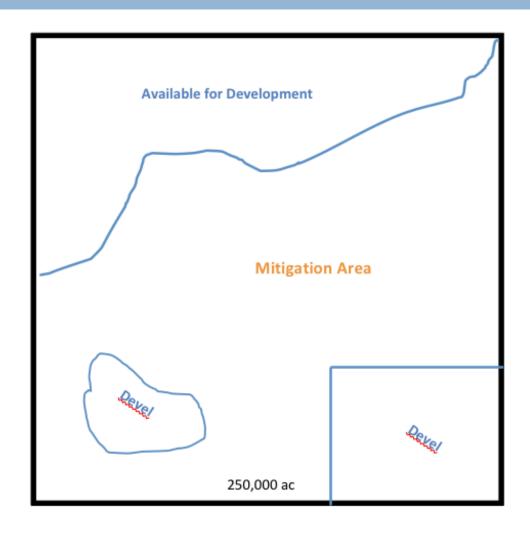


Mitigation Bank



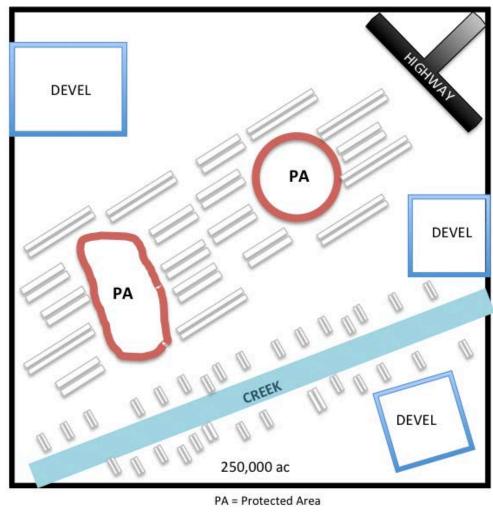


HCCP - NCCP





Regional Advanced Mitigation





Relevant Legislation

Statutory Authority

- State & Federal Special Statutes, e.g., ESA, CWA, CESA, CEQA
- Local Ordinances
- Planning Authorities, e.g., NCCP

Early CCLT priority to improve mitigation.

- 2006 Nonprofits can hold mitigation properties
- 2007 Nonprofits can hold mitigation when public agencies mitigating own projects
- 2007 Regional mitigation planning permissible for Hwy 99 improvements
- 2008 DFG endowment bill held in Legislature
- 2009 General mitigation endowment bill vetoed by Governor
- 2011 Mitigation endowment bill signed by Governor: SB 436
- 2012 Further legislation to make changes to SB 436: SB 1094



SB 1094 (Kehoe) in 2012

Structure of Bill

- Sec 1 Intent Language
- Sec 2 Definitions (§ 65965)
- Sec 3 General Mitigation Provisions (§ 65966)
- Sec 4 Property Provisions (§ 65967) **
- Sec 5 Endowment Provisions (§ 65968)



Endowment (a)

- Funds that are conveyed solely for the long-term stewardship of a mitigation property.
- Funds are held as charitable trusts that are permanently restricted.
- Funds shall be governed by the underlying laws, regulations and specific governmental approvals under those laws consistent with the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA)



Mitigation Agreement (f) – 2 types recognized

- Written agreement between a project proponent and entity qualified to hold property and the endowment;
- Written agreement between project proponent and the entity qualified to hold the property, including any agreement with a qualified endowment holder.

Project Proponent (i)

An individual, business entity, agency, or other entity developing project or facility and required to mitigate any adverse impact upon natural resources.



Property (i)

Fee title land or any partial interest in real property, including a conservation easement, that may be conveyed pursuant to a mitigation requirement by a state or local agency.

Stewardship (1)

Encompassing the range of activities involved in controlling, monitoring, and managing for conservation purposes a property, or a conservation or open-space easement, as defined by the terms of the easement, and its attendant resources.



Nonprofit Organization (h)

Principal purpose and activity to direct protection of stewardship of land, water, or natural resources

Special District (k)

- Park and open space district
- Resource conservation district
- County water district
- Water agency
- Local flood control district



Community Foundation (b)

Must be accredited per National Standards for US Community Foundations.

Congressionally Chartered Foundation (g)

Purpose the conservation and management of fish, wildlife, plans, and other natural resources.

Government Entity (e)

Any state agency, office, officer, department, division, bureau, board, commission, public postsecondary educational institution, city, county, or city and county, or a joint powers authority as defined.

- Conservation easement must be perpetual. (a)
- May identify how long-term stewardship needs will be funded.
 (b)
- If endowment created, certain requirements imposed,
 i.e., endowment for specific property, principal to generate annual costs, UPMIFA consistency. (b)
- Non-profit shall use GAAP. (c)
- If agency holds endowment, then requirements for investment and payout. (d)



Endowment holder provides annual report to permitting agency. (e)

- Contents: (A-H)
 - Balance of each endowment at beginning & end of period
 - Amount of contributions to endowment
 - Net amounts of earnings, gains, losses
 - Amounts distributed
 - Administrative expenses
 - Specific asset allocation percentages
 - Most recent financial statements
- DFG is collector if multiple agencies.
- DFG posts to website for a minimum of 5 years.
- Mitigation agreement may provide otherwise.



Permissible Fees or Funds

- Agency Oversight may require one-time fee:
 - State: reviewing qualifications of proposed property holders;
 must demonstrate actual review. (f)
 - Local: reviewing qualifications, approving those parties, and any regular oversight. (g)
- Initial Stewardship agency may require project proponent to provide one-time payment. (h)
 - Funds for initial stewardship of up to three years.
 - These funds distinct from funds for permanent endowment.
 - Funds remaining at end of period returned to project proponent.



- Local agency may contract with or designate 3rd parties to review qualifications to hold property or endowments, or for on-going reporting. (i)
- Condemnation: net proceeds must go to purchase of similar property; endowment applies to replacement property. (j)
- Holder may contract with CFdn or CCFdn to manage endowments.
 (m)
- Mitigation agreement cannot waive or exempt parties from statutory language of SB 1094. (n)
- Short-term NCCPs establishes special direction for accumulations.
 (o)



Property - § 65967

- If issuing permit, state/local agency may allow nonprofits, special districts, government entities, forprofits, etc., to hold and manage a mitigation property. (a)
- If state/local agency has to mitigate its own project, it may: (b)
 - Transfer interest/obligation to non-profit, etc.
 - Provide funds to non-profit, etc., to acquire property or restoration project.
 - Hold endowment for its own property.



Property - § 65967

- □ Agency shall approve entity to hold property: (c)
 - "Exercise due diligence in reviewing qualifications of an entity to effectively manage and steward resources..."
 - May adopt guidelines to assist in review including reliance upon guidelines/standards in widespread state or national use.
- Agency may require no more than annual report on stewardship of property for specified number of years.
- □ Reversion provision. (e)



Who can hold the endowment for a mitigation property?

- Government entity, special district, or nonprofit organization that holds the property or holds an interest in the property for conservation purposes. (b)(B)
- Agency/agencies that required the mitigation. (b)(A)
- Governmental entity or special district that holds property after conveying an interest for conservation purposes if the GE/SP is protecting, restoring or enhancing retained property.
 (b)(C)

Exceptions to 'who can hold endowment':

- Existing endowments as of 1/1/12. (2)(A)
- Endowments pursuant to NCCP or Safe Harbor agreement <u>as</u>
 <u>conditioned</u>. (2)(B)
- Prohibited entities, e.g., for-profit entities. (2)(C)
- If project proponent & mitg property holder agree that CFdn or CCFdn will hold. (2)(D)
- Federal agency holds/manages property. (2)(E)
- If both fed/state permits required and federal agency does
 not approve. (2)(F)

Endowment holder will <u>certify</u> to project proponent or property holder that: (e)

- Has capacity to effectively manage funds.
- Has capacity to achieve reasonable rates of return similar to other prudent investors, in good faith, with similar care and consistent with UPMIFA.
- Utilizes GAAP per relevant standards.
- Can ensure that funds are accounted for and tied to specific property.
- Has investment policy consistent with UPMIFA.



Additional Provisions Regarding 'Who Can Hold Endowments':

- If entity meets requirements of chapter, it is qualified to be a holder of the endowment for the purpose of obtaining any permit, clearance or mitigation approval from state/local agency. (f)
- State/local agency shall not require, as a condition of obtaining a permit, that a preferred or exclusively-named entity hold the endowment. (k)



General Provisions:

- □ CFdn and CCFdn must meet all requirements of chapter for holding, managing, investing and disbursing endowment funds. (c)
- Entity holding endowment shall hold, manage, invest and disburse funds according to § 65965(a). (d)
- Endowments can be held temporarily in escrow until 12/31/12 and must then be transferred to permanent holder. (i)



For locally-approved projects, endowment may revert if: (g)

- Entity ceases to exist.
- Entity is dissolved.
- Entity becomes bankrupt or insolvent.
- Local agency determines that endowment not being held, managed, invested or disbursed for conservation purposes and consistent with agreement.



- □ Endowment section remains in effect until 1/1/2022.
- If endowment section repealed, any endowments held pursuant to the section will remain with their holders.





January 24, 2013
10am – 4pm
Red Lion Hotel Woodlake Conference Center
Sacramento CA



Questions? Comments?



Darla Guenzler darla@calandtrusts.org